Senate



General Assembly

File No. 194

January Session, 2005

Substitute Senate Bill No. 1251

Senate, April 6, 2005

The Committee on Insurance and Real Estate reported through SEN. CRISCO of the 17th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING OWNER-CONTROLLED INSURANCE PROGRAMS ON STATE AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 49-41 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3 (a) Each contract exceeding fifty thousand dollars in amount for the 4 construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work 5 of the state or of any subdivision thereof shall include a provision that 6 the person to perform the contract shall furnish to the state or the subdivision on or before the award date, a bond in the amount of the 8 contract which shall be binding upon the award of the contract to that 9 person, with a surety or sureties satisfactory to the officer awarding 10 the contract, for the protection of persons supplying labor or materials 11 in the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract for the use 12 of each such person, provided no such bond shall be required to be

furnished (1) in relation to any general bid in which the total estimated cost of labor and materials under the contract with respect to which such general bid is submitted is less than fifty thousand dollars, (2) in relation to any sub-bid in which the total estimated cost of labor and materials under the contract with respect to which such sub-bid is submitted is less than fifty thousand dollars, or (3) in relation to any general bid or sub-bid submitted by a consultant, as defined in section 4b-55. Any such bond furnished shall have as principal the name of the person awarded the contract.

- (b) Nothing in this section or sections 49-41a to 49-43, inclusive, shall be construed to limit the authority of any contracting officer to require a performance bond or other security in addition to the bond referred to in subsection (a) of this section, except that no such officer shall require a performance bond in relation to any general bid in which the total estimated cost of labor and materials under the contract with respect to which such general bid is submitted is less than twenty-five thousand dollars or in relation to any sub-bid in which the total estimated cost of labor and materials under the contract with respect to which such sub-bid is submitted is less than fifty thousand dollars.
- (c) No contract for the construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work of the state or of any subdivision thereof that requires a person to supply the state or subdivision with a bond may include a provision that requires the person to obtain the bond from a specific surety, agent, broker or producer. No contracting officer may require that a bond be obtained from a specific surety, agent, broker or producer.
- 40 (d) No contract for the construction, alteration or repair of any
 41 public building or public work of the state or of any subdivision
 42 thereof, except for a contract for a project approved pursuant to section
 43 10a-109e, may include a provision that allows or requires the state or
 44 any subdivision thereof to maintain an owner-controlled insurance
 45 program.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following					
sections:					
Section 1	from passage	49-41			

INS Joint Favorable Subst.

The following fiscal impact statement and bill analysis are prepared for the benefit of members of the General Assembly, solely for the purpose of information, summarization, and explanation, and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either House thereof for any purpose:

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 06 \$	FY 07 \$
Treasurer	GF - Precludes	Potential	Potential
	Cost Saving	Significant	Significant

Note: GF=General Fund

Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 06 \$	FY 07 \$
Various Municipalities	Precludes	Potential	Potential
	Cost Saving	Significant	Significant

Explanation

This bill prohibits contracts for state or municipal construction projects from including a provision that allows or requires an owner-controlled insurance program (OCIP) except for any project that is part of the UConn 2000 infrastructure program. The bill also prohibits the "bundling" of smaller to medium sized construction projects under an OCIP (known as a "rolling wrap-up.")

OCIPs are estimated to reduce hard construction project costs by 1-3% for state and municipal construction projects. Currently, OCIPs are used on single construction projects, and on the "bundling" of a number of smaller to medium sized construction projects. The bill precludes a debt service cost savings to the state and municipalities to the degree that using OCIPs would have reduced the cost of those future capital construction projects, or "bundled" projects, and thereby reduced the need for bond funds. This assumes that OCIPs would only be used in cases where it would be less expensive than traditional insurance coverage.

OCIPs allow the state or a municipality to purchase a master

insurance program covering all construction and contractors associated with a given project. Under traditional construction coverage, contractors and subcontractors provide their own insurance coverage. With OCIPs, contractors submit their bids net of insurance costs.

OLR Bill Analysis

sSB 1251

AN ACT CONCERNING OWNER-CONTROLLED INSURANCE PROGRAMS ON STATE AND MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

SUMMARY:

This bill prohibits contracts to build, alter, or repair public buildings or works from permitting or requiring the state or a municipality to maintain an owner-controlled insurance program, except for any project approved as a "UConn 2000" infrastructure improvement project.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

BACKGROUND

Owner-Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP)

In an OCIP, the construction project owner purchases insurance for other participants in the project and administers the project's loss-prevention program. The OCIP covers the owner, contractor, subcontractors and, sometimes, the designer. The coverage can include general liability, builder's risk, workers' compensation, design errors and omissions, excess, umbrella, and other special coverage. The owner requires the other project participants to reduce their bid prices by eliminating their usual insurance costs in exchange for the owner-provided coverage. An OCIP administrator runs the program, acts as an agent of the owner, and is usually selected by the insurance broker. When an owner implements an OCIP, the contractor and subcontractors must participate.

UConn 2000 Projects

UConn 2000 projects are special capital improvement projects proposed by the University of Connecticut, approved by the state, and identified in law as needed to modernize, rehabilitate, renew, expand, and otherwise stabilize the university's physical plant. The projects are meant to benefit the educational and economic development needs

of the state and university.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Insurance and Real Estate Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Yea 15 Nay 0